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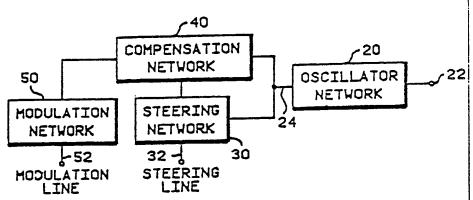
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gonquin Road, Schaumburg, IL 60196 (US). (72) Inventors: GOEDKEN, Terrance, John; 744 Eview Court, Roselle, IL 60172 (US). GJames, Keith; 571 Lake-Cook Road, Pal 60067 (US).	East Pa EHRK	

(54) Title: WIDEBAND MODULATION SENSITIVITY COMPENSATED VOLTAGE CONTROLLED OSCILLA-

(57) Abstract

A wideband, modulation sensitivity compensated, voltage controlled oscillator which automatically and continuously compensates over a wide bandwidth for modulation sensitivity variations resulting from changes in the center frequency of oscillation. The oscillator includes a steering network (30) coupled to the input of an oscillator network (20) for controlling the center frequency thereof. A modulation network (50) is



also coupled to the input of the oscillator network (20) through a compensation network (40). The compensation network (40) continuously varies the coupling between the modulation network (50) and the oscillator network (20) in response to control signals applied to the input (32) of the steering network (30), to thereby compensate the modulation sensitivity variations.

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WIDEBAND MODULATION SENSITIVITY COMPENSATED VOLTAGE CONTROLLED OSCILLATOR

Background of the Invention

A. Field of the Invention

This invention relates generally to oscillators and more particularly to a voltage controlled oscillator compensated to minimize modulation sensitivity variations over a wide frequency bandwidth.

B. Description of the Prior Art

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It is frequently necessary in the implementation of a phase-locked loop for a frequency synthesizer or receiver local oscillator, and in other applications such as FM generators, data transmitters, and telemetry data links, to provide a voltage controlled oscillator whose output frequency can be controlled over a wide bandwidth. Particularly in implementing a synthesized radio transceiver, a wide bandwidth VCO is desirable to maximize the number of channels of operation. However, past attempts to provide wide bandwidth operation have resulted in variations in modulation sensitivity over the operating frequency range. Until now attempts to solve this problem involved utilizing an audio level



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switch or potentiometer to compensate for sensitivity changes, which caused discrete sensitivity changes or required adjustment by an operator. This resulted in inaccurate compensation and in unacceptable splatter performance.

Summary of the Invention

Accordingly, it is an object of the invention to provide an improved voltage controlled oscillator which automatically and continuously compensates modulation sensitivity variations over a wide frequency bandwidth.

It is another object of the invention to provide an improved voltage controlled oscillator having a novel RF_ compensation network to continuously compensate for changes in modulation sensitivity over a wide bandwidth.

It is yet another object of the invention to provide an improved voltage controlled oscillator suitable for use in a radio transmitter which maximizes splatter performance by maximizing accuracy of modulation sensitivity compensation over a wide frequency 20 bandwidth.

Briefly, according to the invention, a wide band modulation sensitivity compensated voltage controlled oscillator is provided which includes an oscillator circuit which generates a radio frequency signal at an 25 output. A steering circuit is coupled to the oscillator circuit for providing high sensitivity control of the frequency of the output signal of the oscillator circuit in response to a signal applied to a control input of the steering circuit. A modulation circuit provides low 30 sensitivity control of the frequency of the output signal of the oscillator circuit in response to a signal applied to a control input of the modulation circuit. A compensation circuit, coupled to the modulation circuit,



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the steering circuit, and the oscillator circuit, compensates the sensitivity of the modulation circuit in response to the signal applied to the steering circuit control input. The compensation circuit continuously varies the coupling between the modulation circuit and the oscillator circuit in response to changes in the signal applied to the steering circuit control input thereby providing continuous compensation of sensitivity variations caused by changes in the steering circuit

Brief Description of the Drawings

The features of the present invention which are believed to be novel are set forth with particularity in the appended claims. The invention, together with further objects and advantages thereof, may best be understood by reference to the following description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a generalized block diagram illustrating the inventive wideband modulation sensitivity compensated voltage controlled oscillator according to the invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram of the preferred embodiment wideband modulation sensitivity compensated voltage controlled oscillator according to the invention.

25 FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram of an alternate embodiment of a wideband modulation sensitivity compensated voltage controlled oscillator according to the invention.

Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Referring now to FIG. 1, there is shown in block 30 diagram form a wideband modulation sensitivity



compensated voltage controlled oscillator (VCO) constructed according to the invention. An oscillator network 20 is shown which may be understood to provide the active elements as well as resonant tank feedback circuitry (not shown) configured in the conventional manner to provide an oscillating signal at an output 22. The oscillator network 20 may be one of many oscillator circuit configurations known in the art. Coupled to the oscillator network input 24 is control circuitry composed 10 of a steering network 30, a compensation network 40, and a modulation network 50, as shown. This control circuitry varies the resonant tank capacitance to control the center frequency of oscillation of the oscillator network The steering network 30 includes a steering line 20. input (control input) 32. The voltage applied to the input 32 controls the impedance of the steering network 30, and thereby controls the frequency of oscillation of the oscillator network 20, forming a voltage controlled oscillator. The steering network 30 is a high 20 sensitivity circuit, typically utilizing varactor diodes, which produces a large change in oscillator frequency for a relatively small voltage change (i.e. in the preferred embodiments about 3 megahertz per volt) thus permitting the oscillator frequency to be varied over a wide The steering network 30 is also coupled to a 25 bandwidth. compensation network 40, as shown. The compensation network 40 provides compensation for sensitivity variations caused by the steering network changes as will be more fully described hereinafter. A modulation 30 network 50 is coupled to the compensation network 40 to provide a low sensitivity means to control the frequency of oscillation of the oscillator network 20. modulation network 50, changes impedance in response to a voltage applied to a modulation line terminal (control/input) 52. This change is coupled to the oscillator network 20 through the compensation network 40



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resulting in a change in the output frequency. In a transmitter system, the signal applied to the modulation line is typically an audio signal intended to modulate the transmitter carrier. Voltage controlled oscillators, until now, suffered from a limitation in that a change in frequency due to a signal on the steering line (e.g. to change to a different channel) caused an unacceptable change in the sensitivity of the modulation network. That is, a given modulation voltage change did not result in the same frequency change at different values of steering line voltage. This problem is solved in the present invention by the compensation circuit 40. As the steering network 30 changes the center frequency of oscillation of the oscillator network 20, the compensation circuit 40 changes the coupling between the modulation network 50 and the oscillation network 20. Thus, when the steering network causes an increase in modulation sensitivity, the compensation network, in response to the steering network, reduces the coupling between the modulation network 50 and the oscillation 20 network 20, so that a substantially constant modulation sensitivity is maintained. A decrease in the modulation sensitivity due to the steering network will be compensated by a similar increase in coupling between the modulation network 50 and the oscillator network 20.

Illustrated in FIG. 2 is a detailed schematic diagram of the preferred embodiment of the wide band modulation sensitivity compensated voltage controlled oscillator according to the invention. A conventional 30 oscillator network 120 is shown having a terminal 128 connected to ground, a supply terminal 126 connected to a voltage source V+, and an output terminal 122. An input terminal 124 is coupled, as shown, through a coupling capacitor 134 to a series parallel arrangement of four 35 varactor diodes 136, configured as shown. Linearizing inductors 137 and 138 are connected as shown, from the



anodes of the varactors 136 to ground. This network of varactors 136 substantially comprises the steering network for the circuit. An RF choke 139 is coupled, as shown, from the cathodes of the varactor diodes 136 to the steering line terminal 132, thereby coupling the steering voltage to the cathodes of the varactor diodes The steering line terminal 132 is also coupled through a coupling resistor 142 to the cathode of a compensation varactor diode 144. The anode of the compensation varactor diode 144 is coupled, as shown, to the input 124 of the oscillator network 120 which provides the necessary ground reference. The cathode of the compensation varactor diode 144 is also coupled to a first terminal 145 of a coupling capacitor 146. second terminal 147 of the coupling capacitor 146 is coupled to the cathode of a modulation varactor diode Thus, the capacitor 146 and the varactor diode 144 form a coupling element which couples the modulation varactor diode 154 to the oscillator network 120. A DC 20 blocking resistor 156 and a RF bypass capacitor 158 are - coupled from the anode of the modulation varactor diode 154 to ground, as shown. In addition, an RF choke 157 is coupled from a modulation line terminal 152 to the anode of the modulation varactor 154. Two resistors 162, 164, 25 are coupled, as shown, to the cathode of the modulation varactor 154 to provide bias. The resistor 162 is coupled at one end to the voltage source V+ and at the other end to the resistor 164, which is coupled to a reference voltage level VREF, as shown. This arrangement 30 of the resistors 162 and 164 permits bias for the modulation varactor 154 to be set to the desired value by the choice of V_{REF} . This value of V_{REF} can be set to any desired value including ground level. The preferred environment for this circuit is in a switched wideband 35 voltage controlled oscillator, of a wideband frequency synthesizer more details of which may be obtained by



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referencing a copending application, Serial No.____, filed on even date hereof, on behalf of Terrance J. Goedken, James K. Gehrke, Richard A. Rose, and Roger Vilmur and assigned to the same assignee as the present invention.

Referring again to FIG. 2, a steering line voltage applied to the steering line terminal 132 is coupled through the inductor 139 to the cathodes of the varactor diodes 136. An increase in the steering line voltage 10 will therefore result in a decrease in the capacitance of the varactor diode 136 which will cause the frequency of oscillation of the oscillator network 120 to increase. The decreased capacitance would normally result in an increase of the sensitivity of the oscillator network 120 15 to changes in the capacitance of the modulation varactor diode 154. Thus, the increase in steering line voltage would normally result in an increase in the frequency change caused by a given change in the modulation line voltage applied to modulation line terminal 152. 20 due to the decrease in the total capacitance of the oscillator circuit caused by the decrease in the capacitance of the steering varactor diodes 136. opposite effect would occur if the steering line voltage However, the steering line voltage is were decreased. 25 also coupled through the resistor 142 to the compensation varactor diode 144. This compensation varactor diode 144 together with the coupling capacitor 146 couple the modulation varactor 154 to the oscillator network 120. An increase in the steering line voltage, coupled to the 30 compensation varactor diode 144 will result in a decrease in the capacitance of the compensation varactor diode 144 thus decreasing the coupling of the modulation varactor diode 154 to the oscillator network 120. This decrease in coupling reduces the effect that the capacitance of 35 the modulation varactor 154 has on the oscillator frequency, thereby compensating for the increased



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sensitivity that would normally be caused by the decrease in the capacitance of the steering varactor diodes 136. A decrease in the steering line voltage will cause an increase in the coupling through the compensation varactor diode 144, thus providing compensation for steering line voltage decrease as well.

An alternative embodiment of the wide band modulation sensitivity compensated voltage controlled oscillator according to the invention is illustrated in 10 FIG. 3. A steering line voltage is applied to a steering line terminal 232 and coupled through an RF choke 239 to the cathode of a steering varactor diode 236. The anode of the steering varactor 236 is coupled, as shown, to the input 224 of a conventional oscillator network 220 which 15 generates an output signal at an output terminal 222. The oscillator 220 also provides the necessary ground reference for the varactor diode 236 at the input 224. Also coupled to the cathode of the steering varactor diode 236 is a capacitor 242 to ground and a capacitor 20 244, coupled to the cathode of a modulation varactor diode 254, as shown. The cathode of the modulation varactor diode 254 is also coupled through a capacitor 246 to the oscillator network 220, as shown, while the anode of the modulation varactor diode 254 is coupled to Thus, the modulation varactor diode 254 is coupled to the oscillator network 220 through the combination of the capacitor 246, and the capacitor 244 in series with the steering varactor diode 236. A modulation line voltage is coupled from a modulation line terminal 252 to the cathode of the modulation varactor diode 254 to provide modulation of the oscillator output frequency.

An increase in the steering line voltage applied to the steering line terminal 232 will result in a 35 decrease in the capacitance of the steering varactor diode 236. This results in a decrease in the total



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oscillator capacitance, as well as an increase in the output frequency of the oscillator at the output 222. The decrease in capacitance would normally result in an increase in sensitivity to changes in the capacitance of the modulation varactor diode 254 due to changes in the modulation voltage applied through the modulation line However, since the modulation varactor terminal 252. diode 254 is coupled to the oscillator network 220 through both the capacitor 246 and through the series 10 combination of the capacitor 244 and the steering varactor diode 236, the decrease in capacitance of the steering varactor diode 236 results in a decrease in the coupling from the modulation varactor diode 254 to the oscillator network 220. Thus, the expected increase in 15 modulation sensitivity is offset by the decrease in coupling from the modulation circuit to the oscillator network 220, thereby providing modulation sensitivity compensation. A decrease in steering line voltage will result in an opposite compensating effect.

In summary, an improved wideband voltage controlled 20 oscillator has been described, suitable for use in a wideband radio communication system, which is modulation sensitivity compensated. The circuit described automatically and continuously compensates over a wide bandwidth for modulation sensitivity variations which result when the center frequency of the oscillator is changed.

While a preferred embodiment of the invention has been described and shown, it should be understood that 30 other variations and modifications may be implemented. It is therefore contemplated to cover by the present application any and all modifications and variations that fall within the true spirit and scope of the basic underlying principles disclosed and claimed herein.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:



Claims

1. An improved wideband, modulation sensitivity compensated voltage, controlled oscillator, comprising: oscillator means, having an input and an output, for providing an RF frequency signal at the output;

steering means, having a control input and coupled to the oscillator means, for providing high sensitivity control of the frequency of the output signal of the oscillator means in response to a signal applied to the control input thereof;

modulation means, having a control input, for providing low sensitivity control of the frequency of the output signal of the oscillator means in response to a signal applied to the control input thereof;

compensation means, coupled to the modulation means, the steering means, and the oscillator means, for compensating the sensitivity of the modulation means in response to the signal applied to the steering means control input.



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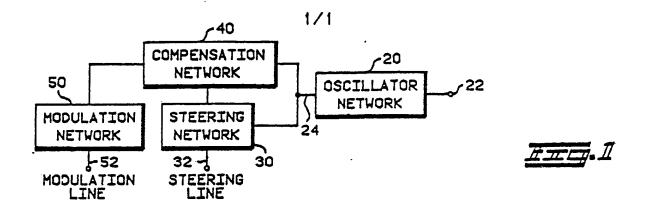
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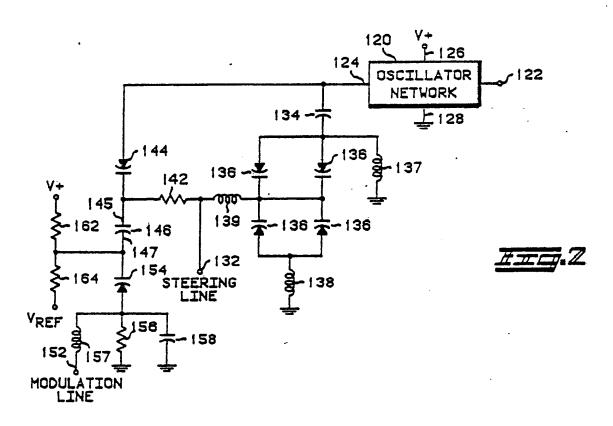
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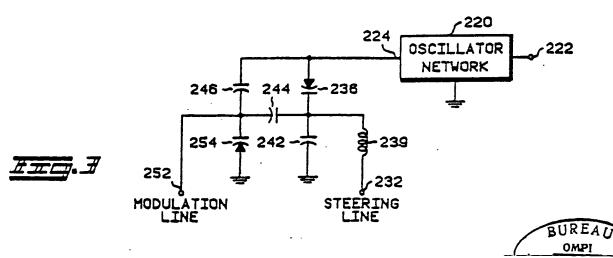
- 2. The improved wideband, modulation sensitivity compensated, voltage controlled oscillator of claim 1 wherein the steering means includes a varactor diode network composed of at least one varactor diode, responsive to the signal applied to the steering means control input, and wherein the modulation means includes a varactor diode network, having at least one varactor diode, responsive to the signal applied to the control input of the modulation means.
- 3. The improved wideband, modulation sensitivity compensated, voltage controlled oscillator of claim 2 wherein the compensation network includes at least one varactor diode responsive to the signal applied to the steering means control input in series with at least one capacitor adapted to provide controlled coupling from the modulation means to the oscillator means thereby compensating for changes in the capacitance of the steering means.
- 4. The improved wideband, modulation sensitivity
 20 compensated, voltage controlled oscillator of claims 2 or
 3 wherein the steering means varactor diode network
 comprises a first pair of series connected varactor diodes
 in parallel with a second pair of series connected
 varactor diodes, said varactor diodes having a common
 25 cathode coupled to the steering means control input.
 - 5. The improved wideband, modulation sensitivity compensated, voltage controlled oscillator of claims 1 or 2 wherein the compensation network includes a fixed capacitor network coupled to the steering means which provides controlled capacitive coupling between the oscillator means and the modulation means in response to changes in the capacitance of the steering means.



PCT/US82/00185







INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US82/00135

International Application No PCT/US82/00195 I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) 1						
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